

5V/1.5A Output Synchronous Boost in SOT23-6

DESCRIPTION

The ETA1038 is a high efficiency synchronous step-up converter that can provide up to 1.5A to a boosted output up to 5V from a low voltage source. Unlike most step-up converter, it incorporates circuits that disconnect the input from output, during shutdown, short-circuit, output current overloading, or other events when output is higher than the input. This eliminates the need for an external MOSFET and its control circuitry to disconnect the input from output. and provides robust output overload protection. A switching frequency of IMHz minimizes solution footprint by allowing the use of tiny and low profile inductors and ceramic capacitors. An internal synchronous MOSFET provides highest efficiency and with a current mode control that is internally compensated, external parts count is reduced to minimal.

ETA1038 is housed in a tiny SOT23-6 package.

FEATURES

- Output Disconnect
- Short-circuit Protection
- 5V/1.5A Output Power
- Output to Input Reversed Current Protection
- Up to 96% Efficiency
- 40μA No load Ig and light load PFM Mode
- Internal Synchronous Rectifier
- Current Mode control
- Logic Control Shutdown and Thermal shutdown
- SOT23-6 Package

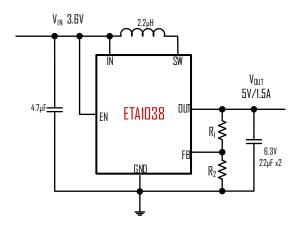
APPLICATIONS

- USB OTG for MIDs, Smartphones
- Mobile back-up Battery Chargers
- Alkaline, NiCd, and NiMh batteries applications
- USB powered devices

ORDERING INFORMATION

PART	PACKAGE PIN	TOP MARK
ETA1038S2G	SOT23-6	AI <u>YW</u> <u>YW</u> =Date Code

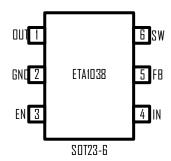
TYPICAL APPLICATION



Typical Application Circuit



PIN CONFIGURATION



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

ELECTRICAL CHACRACTERISTICS

 $(V_{IN} = 3.6V, V_{DUT} = 5V, unless otherwise specified. Typical values are at TA = 25°C.)$

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	STINU
Quiescent Current	EN=IN, No load, Not switching		40	80	μA
Shutdown Supply Current at Vin	$V_{EN} = GND$		0.5	5	μA
V _{IN} UVLO at Rising			1.8		V
V _{IN} UVLO at Falling			1.5		V
Feedback Voltage		1.15	1.17	1.19	V
FB Leakage Current			0		пА
Switching Frequency	CA	0.7	T1/\	1.3	MHz
NMOS Switch On Resistance	I _{SW} =100mA	.UI	150	IV.	mΩ
PMOS Switch On Resistance	I _{SW} =IDDmA		120		mΩ
SW Leakage Current	$V_{OUT}=5V,V_{SW}=0$ or $5V,V_{EN}=GND$			10	μA
NMOS Switch Current Limit		2.2	2.8		A
Start-up Current Limit			1.5		A
Ph Pi IIi	DN		3.5		ms
Short Circuit Hiccup time	OFF		75		ms
EN Input Current		-1	0	1	μA
EN Input Low Voltage				0.6	٧
EN Input High Voltage		1.5			٧
Thermal Shutdown	Rising, Hysteresis=25°C		160		OC .

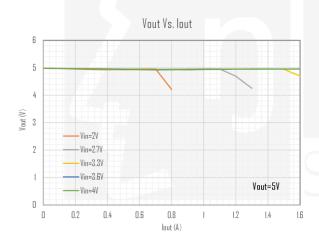


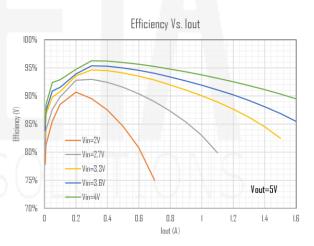
PIN DESCRIPTION

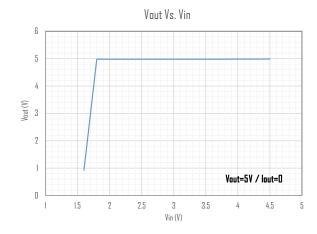
PIN#	NAME	DESCRIPTION
1	OUT	Output pin. Bypass with a $22\mu F$ or larger ceramic capacitor closely between this pin and GND
2	GND	Ground Pin
3	EN	Enable pin for the IC. Drive this pin high to enable the part, low to disable.
4	IN	Input Supply Voltage. Bypass with a 4.7µF ceramic capacitor to GND
5	FB	Feedback Input. Connect an external resistor divider from the output to FB and GND to set Vout
		$V_{OUT} = (R_1 + R_2)/R_2 \times 1.17 \text{ (V)}$
6	ZW	Inductor Connection. Connect an inductor Between SW and the input.

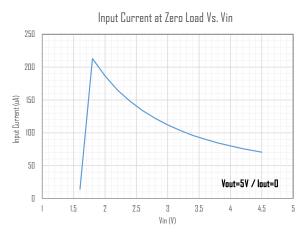
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Typical values are at $T_A = 25$ °C unless otherwise specified.)











APPLICATION INFORMATION

Loop Operation

The ETA1038 is a wide input range, high-efficiency, DC/DC step up switching regulator, integrated with a $120m\Omega$ Low Side Main MOSFET and $150m\Omega$ synchronous MOSFET. It uses a PWM current-mode control scheme. An error amplifier integrates error between the FB signal and the internal reference voltage. The output of the integrator is then compared to the sum of a current-sense signal and the slope compensation ramp. This operation generates a PWM signal that modulates the duty cycle of the power MOSFETs to achieve regulation for output voltage.

The peak current of the NMOS switch is also sensed to limit the maximum current flowing through the switch and the inductor. The typical peak current limit is set to 2.8A. An internal temperature sensor prevents the device from getting overheated in case of excessive power dissipation.

Light Load Operation

Traditionally, a fixed constant frequency PWM DC/DC regulator always switches even when the output load is small. When energy is shuffling back and forth through the power MOSFETs, power is lost due to the finite RDSONs of the MOSFETs and parasitic capacitances. At light load, this loss is prominent and efficiency is therefore very low. ETA1038 employs a proprietary control scheme that improves efficiency in this situation by enabling the device into a power saving mode during light load, thereby extending the range of high efficiency operation.

Short-Circuit Protection

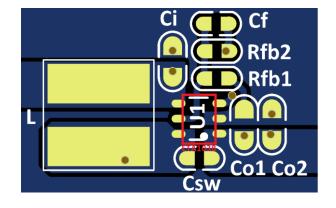
Unlike most step-up converters, the ETA1038 allows for short circuits on the output. In the event of a short circuit, the device first turns off the NMOS when the sensed current reaches the current limit. After Vour drops below VIN the device then enters a linear charge period with the current limited same as with the start-up period. In addition, the thermal shutdown circuits disable switching if the die temperature rises above 150°C.

Down Mode (VIN>VOUT) Operation

The ETAIO38 will continue to supply the output voltage even when the input voltage exceeds the output voltage. Since the PMOS no longer acts as a low-impedance switch in this mode, power dissipation increases within the IC to cause a sharp drop in efficiency. Limit the maximum output current to maintain an acceptable junction temperature.

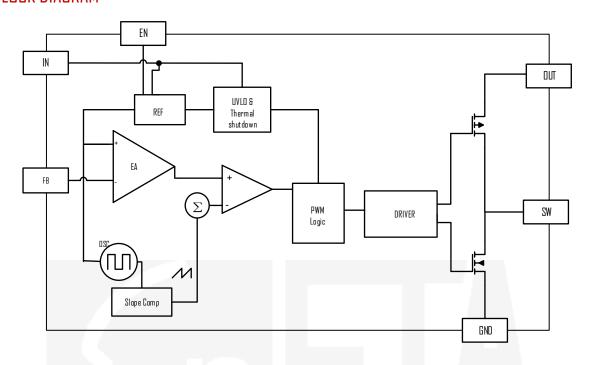
PCB GUIDELINES

A recommended PCB layout is shown on the right hand. Please place the output capacitors (CoI and Co2) just besides the chip. And wire GND out underneath the IC body. And thus, the performance of ETA1038 is guaranteed, and a very compact PCB design is also achieved



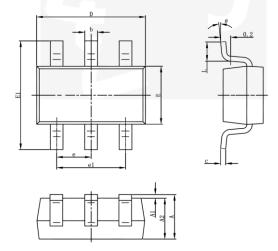


BLOCK DIAGRAM



PACKAGE DUTLINE

Package: SOT23-6



Ch . I	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches		
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Α	1.050	1.250	0.041	0.049	
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004	
A2	1.050	1.150	0.041	0.045	
b	0.300	0.500	0.012	0.020	
С	0.100	0.200	0.004	0.008	
D	2.820	3.020	0.111	0.119	
Е	1.500	1.700	0.059	0.067	
E1	2.650	2.950	0.104	0.116	
е	0.950(BSC)		0.037	(BSC)	
e1	1.800	2.000	0.071	0.079	
L	0.300	0.600	0.012	0.024	
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°	